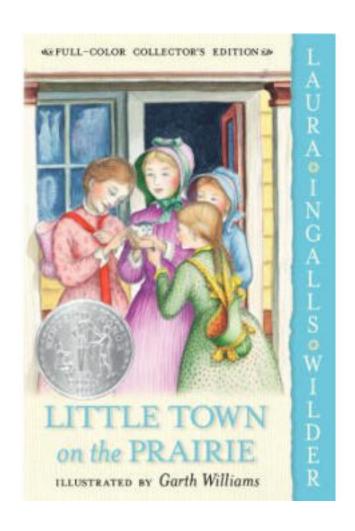
# Little Town on the Prairie草原上的小镇 [平装] [8-12岁]



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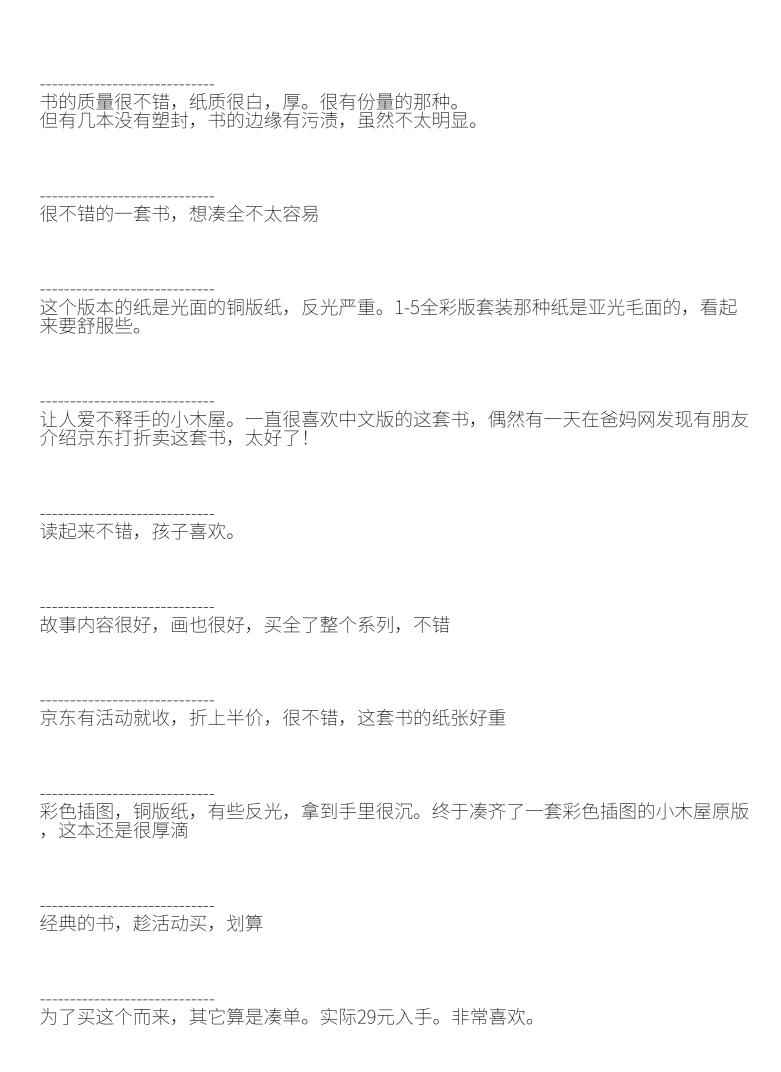
著者:Laura Ingalls Wilder(劳拉・英格尔斯・怀尔德) 著,Garth Williams(加思・威廉姆斯) 绘

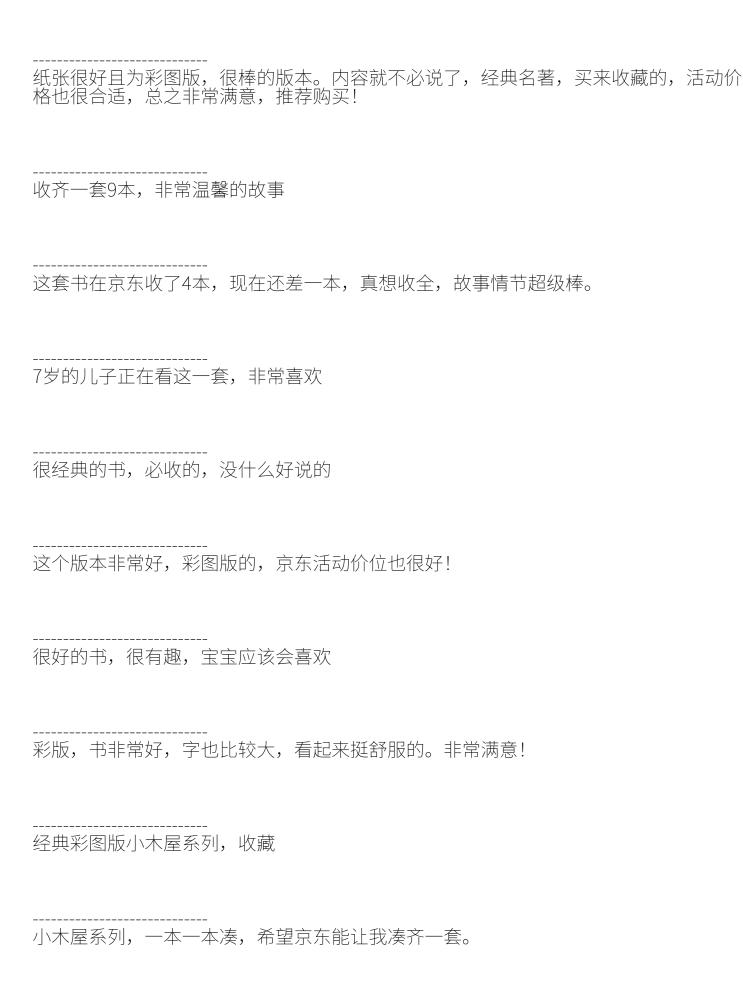
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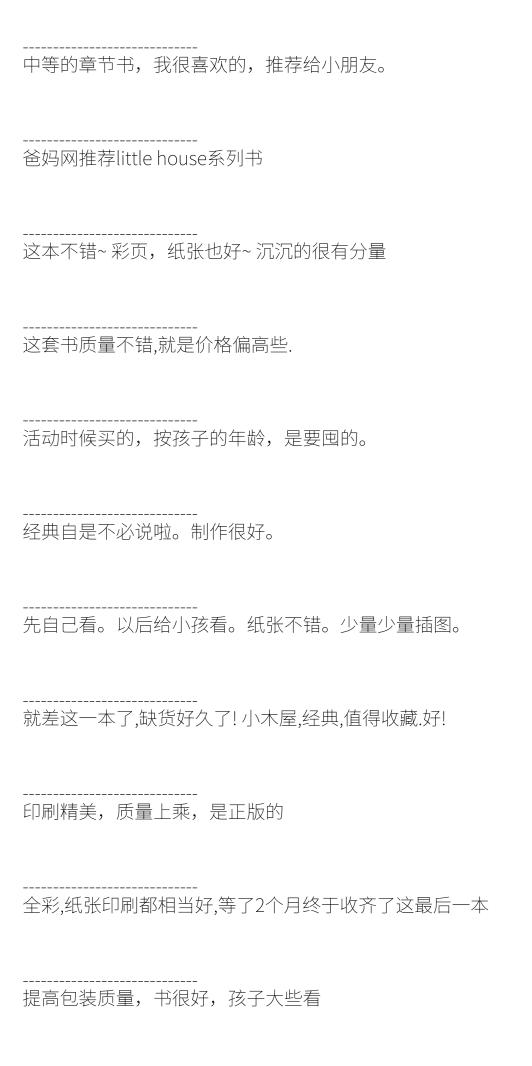
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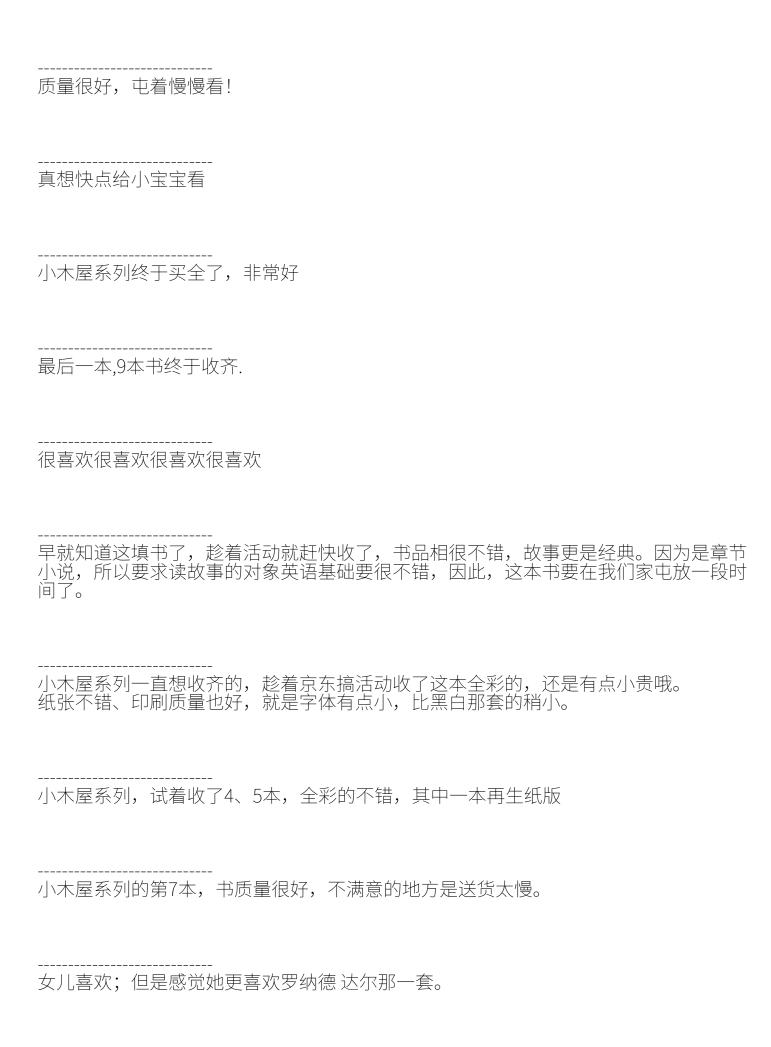
书质量不错,孩子现在看,有点吃力,给他慢慢看。







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#### 英文阅读章节书,适合阅读起步

说出自然地道的英文吗?想扩大自己的词汇量吗?想提高写作能力吗?毫无疑问,任何英语学习者的回答都是肯定的。针对广大英语学习者的实际情况,《牛津英语搭配词典(英汉双解版)》从崭新的角度探究了英语中词与词之间的组合关系。这种组合不是任意的,而是受到语义、语法、语体和文化的制约。只有熟悉和掌握了英语搭配,才能真正做到让英语单词"为我所用",地道自然地传达思想,与人高效沟通。

《牛津英语搭配词典(英汉双解版)》收录搭配丰富,逾9,000个常用英语词条,达150,000个搭配词组;例句真实自然,50,000条示例全部选自语料库;专辟25个不同主题的用法说明,加深对搭配词应用的理解;附学习页,通过练习透彻理解英语搭配,巩固学习效果。

买回来一看,几乎没什么插图,全是字,现在宝宝看不了,退了

For the first time in the history of the Little House books, this new edition features Garth Williams' interior art in vibrant, full color, as well as a beautifully redesigned cover

彩图,很漂亮,非常好的一套书,最初只收了一个套装,以为其他几本没有这种彩图版的,后来听朋友说了,趁着活动赶快入手。这套书的中文也收了,孩子很喜欢看。彩图,很漂亮,非常好的一套书,最初只收了一个套装,以为其他几本没有这种彩图版后来听朋友说了,趁着活动赶快入手。这套书的中文也收了,孩子很喜欢看。彩图,很漂亮,非常好的一套书,最初只收了一个套装,以为其他几本没有这种彩图版明,很漂亮,非常好的一套书,最初只收了一个套装,以为其他几本没有这种彩图的,后来听朋友说了,趁着活动赶快入手。这套书的中文也收了,孩子很喜欢看。彩图,很漂亮,非常好的一套书,最初只收了一个套装,以为其他几本没有这种彩图的,很漂亮,非常好的一套书,最初只收了一个套装,以为其他几本没有这种彩图的,后来听朋友说了,趁着活动赶快入手。这套书的中文也收了,孩子很喜欢看。

甲骨的书,早在3000多年前的殷代后期,当时纸尚未发明,人们就地取材,以龟甲和兽骨为材料,把内容刻在龟甲或兽骨上,这就是甲骨的书。石头的书在古代,石头也用来作书写材料,甚至将整篇作品或整部著作刻于石上。简牍的书简牍是对我国古代遗存下来的写有文字的竹简与木牍的概称。缣帛的书,缣 小篆 小篆

帛是丝织物,轻软平滑,易于着墨,幅的长短宽窄可以根据文字的多少来剪裁,而且可随意折叠或卷起,携带方便,可以弥补简牍。古代写本书在纸发明初期,纸书并未完全取代简牍与缣帛图书,而是三者并用。此外,还有宋至清代的印本图书到现代的电子书

无论古今中外,对于书,人们总给予最高的肯定与特别的关怀。手工精制的纸特别适合 中国书画之用,分生宣和熟宣两种。

人类许多伟大的创造,大都经过漫长岁月的发展的过程,并聚合无数人的心力,时刻成长、壮大,图书也不例外。以我们中国为例,它至少已有三千五百年以上的发展历史,其间人们所投入的智慧与劳力,更无与伦比。图书在迭次的创造改进,才有今天的面貌。大体来说,史历上,除了某些为特殊目的所制作的图书之外,书籍的发展,略有脉络可寻。最早人们的交往,在彼此示意之时,可能只借手势或音量做为媒介。其后,从经验的累积,进而确定一些固定的音节,来代表某种特定的意义,于是人类跨出了有声无言的时代,迈入到有言无文的社会。

有了语言,人类往往借助于记忆力,把听到的话,牢牢记住,再对别人复述出来;或将心中的理想,个人的经验,借语言加以传播。这种目的及办法,与日后图书的功能相近,因此,可以称之为口传的活书。人类的记忆到底有限,有时更会走样,口传的活书,必然有许多缺陷。于是,聪明的人类起而发明了许多帮助记忆的方法,其中最富代表性的便是结绳。以结绳的大小、松紧、多寡及涂上不同颜色等方式,来表示各种不同的意义,我们可称之为绳书。

绳书能传到远方,也能长期保存,比起语言,自有某些长处。然而终因其式样变化有限,无法满足快速进步中人类社会的需要。于是,人类再着手改进,乃从模仿天性里,描绘外界形像加以简化,使之蜕变成为简单的图像,再用它来做为意象的符号。这种图画,已有文字的雏形,一般人称之为文字画。之后,经过再改良演进,渐渐成为定型的象形文字。又经过长时期的发展,终于成就了无数的字体,供人们应用。文字的出现,既为人类文明开拓了崭新境界,也为书奠下坚实的基础。

中国的记言文是在记事文之先发展的。商代甲骨卜辞大部分是些问句,记事的话不多见。两周金文也还多以记言为主。直到战国时代,记事文才有了长足的进展。古代言文大概是合一的,说出的、写下的都可以叫作"辞"。卜辞我们称为"辞",《尚书》的大部分其实也是"辞"。我们相信这些辞都是当时的"雅言"①,就是当时的官话或普通话。但传到后世,这种官话或普通话却变成了诘屈聱牙的古语了。

很满意,会继续购买印刷精致得很

工作之余,人们或楚河汉界运筹帷幄,或轻歌曼舞享受生活,而我则喜欢翻翻书、读读报,一个人沉浸在笔墨飘香的世界里,跟智者神游,与慧者交流,不知有汉,无论魏晋,醉在其中。我是一介穷书生,尽管在学校工作了二十五年,但是工资却不好意思示人。当我教训调皮捣蛋的女儿外孙子们时,时常被他们反问:"你老深更半夜了,还在写作看书,可工资却不到两千!"常常被他们噎得无话可说。当教师的我这一生注定与清贫相伴,惟一好处是有双休息日,在属于我的假期里悠哉游哉于书香之中,这也许是许多书外之人难以领略的惬意。好了,废话不多说。还可以,和印象里的有一点点区别,可能是我记错了书比我想的要厚很多,就是字有点小,不过挺实惠的,很满意!书非常好,正版的,非常值,快递也给力,必须给好评,就是感觉包装有点简陋啊哈哈~~~不过书很好,看了下内容也都很不错,快递也很给力,东西很好

物流速度也很快,和照片描述的也一样,给个满分吧

下次还会来买!好了,我现在来说说这本书的观感吧,网络文学融入主流文学之难,在于文学批评家的缺席,在于衡量标准的混乱,很长一段时间,文学批评家对网络文学集体失语,直到最近一两年来,诸多活跃于文学批评领域的评论家,才开始着手建立网络文学的评价体系,很难得的是,他们迅速掌握了网络文学的魅力内核,并对网络文学给予了高度评价、寄予了很深的厚望。随着网络文学理论体系的建立,以及网络文学在创作水准上的不断提高,网络文学成为主流文学中的主流已是清晰可见的事情,下一届的"五个一工程奖",我们期待看到更多读了这本书之后,我发现作者在做班主任工作的时候也有很多的无奈,她曾经这样说过:"'只有不会教的老师,没有教不好的学生'

——在我看来,这句话和'人有多大胆,地有多大产'是一路的。如果是教师之外的人 这样说的,那他就是在恶意地欺负人,把教师往绝路上逼;如果教师自己这样说,那他 不是幼稚就是自大狂,迟早要碰个头破血流。我曾经属于后一类。那时,我处于极度危 险的境地。"看薛老师这些话,你能觉得这是一个真实的老师,她说的话就象是邻居唠家常那样真诚自然。对于书中她大胆、直率的言辞,我很钦佩,不是每个人都有这种胆 识、思维的。她能把一件看似简单惯常的事情剖析提买头是道,透过了表象看到了它的 内在根源。她有勇气把一些不同与大家都说的话写在纸上,让别人看,虽然多数人心理 或许也如她所想。但凭这一点儿,就让人佩服至极。比如,她对"老师象蜡烛、春蚕","没有教不好的学生,只有教不好的老师"这些话的评析,一针见血,道出了我们老 师的共同心声。之所以造就了她感说真话,敢于抵制一切不利于学生成长和进步的制度 因为薛老师的人生信念就是: 缺乏真诚、理性和趣味的日子是不值得过的。教育教学 中有了平衡愉悦的心态,正确的定位和良好的策略,才能在饱满热情中,在正确策略中 扶植学牛向上。 "我是特意捕捉了清风、乐声和野芳,录在这里,专门 薛老师在自序中写道, 自己,就算是不定期地给自己献一小朵小花吧——真诚美丽的文字,正是心灵开出的花 又一次阐述了她的人生信念——真诚。读了全书,给我最深刻的感受也是她的 我看到了一个真实的人,一个真诚的老师。当学生的时候,老师是权威,跟老师 的交往总是处于向上看的状态,学生是一定要小心翼翼的,多数情况还是听老师说的多,自己发表意见少。现在当了家长,为了孩子跟老师也没少打交道,但是一直觉得自己 好多真实的想法不敢说,老师呢,说出来的也有一些让人觉得是官话套话。看了这本书 ,我想我们也许都错了,老师跟学生、老师跟家长,平等地真诚的交流其实并不难。 作是艰辛——往往也是孤独的。可是,于飞尘的间隙也有清风,于喧嚷的中间也有乐声 ,于荆棘的丛中也有野芳。我是特意捕捉了清风、乐声和野芳,录在这里,专门用于鼓 励自己,就算是不定期地给自己献一朵小花吧——真诚美丽的文字,正是心灵开出的花朵。也有沉重和迷惘。但我的文字,往往略掉了疲惫、沮丧和困苦——无涉乎诚实、全 面与否,这是我的选择——有意的,我将目光投在了值得的地方,

 毛虫了,是一条又肥又大的毛毛虫了。他造了一个小房子,叫茧,把自己包在了里面。 他在里面呆了两个多星期,咬了一个小洞挤了出来。毛毛虫变成了一只漂亮的蝴蝶。《 好饿的毛毛虫》是一本充满了诗情与创意的图画书。如果说有一条虫子能一路畅通无阻 地从一个国家爬到另一个国家,那么就是它了!三十多年来,这条从艾瑞克?•卡尔手里爬出来的红脑壳、绿身子、高高地弓起来走路的毛毛虫,已经"吞噬"了世界上二十 多万个孩子的心。这是一本充满了诗情与创意的图画书。主要内容:月光下,叶子上躺着一颗小小的蛋。星期天早上,太阳升起来,"砰!"从蛋里爬出来一条又小又饿的毛 着一颗小小的蛋。星期天早上,太阳升起来, 毛虫。他开始去找吃的。星期一吃了一个苹果,可还是好饿。星期二吃了两个梨子, 还是好饿。星期三吃了三个李子,可还是好饿。星期四吃了四个草莓,可还是好饿。 期五吃了五个橘子,可还是好饿。星期六,他吃了一块巧克力蛋糕、一个冰淇淋、 黄瓜、一块乳酪、一条火腿、一根棒棒糖、一个樱桃派、一根香肠、-片西瓜。那天晚上,毛毛虫肚子痛了。 第二天又是星期天。毛毛虫吃了绿叶子,肚子好多了。现在,他不饿了, 毛虫了,是一条又肥又大的毛毛虫了。他造了一个小房子,叫茧,把自己包在了里面。 他在里面呆了两个多星期,咬了一个小洞挤了出来。毛毛虫变成了一只漂亮的蝴蝶。 好饿的毛毛虫》是一本充满了诗情与创意的图画书。如果说有一条虫子能一路畅通无阻地从一个国家爬到另一个国家,那么就是它了!三十多年来,这条从艾瑞克?·卡尔手里爬出来的红脑壳、绿身子、高高地弓起来走路的毛毛虫,已经"吞噬"了世界上二千 多万个孩子的心。这是一本充满了诗情与创意的图画书。主要内容:月光下,叶子上躺着一颗小小的蛋。星期天早上,太阳升起来,"砰!"从蛋里爬出来一条又小又饿的毛 "砰! 毛虫。他开始去找吃的。星期一吃了一个苹果,可还是好饿。星期二吃了两个梨子,还是好饿。星期三吃了三个李子,可还是好饿。星期四吃了四个草莓,可还是好饿。 期五吃了五个橘子,可还是好饿。星期六,他吃了一块巧克力蛋糕、一个冰淇淋、一 第二天又是星期天。毛毛虫吃了绿叶子,肚子好多了。现在,他不饿了,不是一条小毛毛虫了,是一条又肥又大的毛毛虫了。他造了一个小房子,叫茧,把自己包在了里面。 他在里面架了两个多星期,咬了一个小洞探了出来。笔毛虫变成了一只漂亮的蝴蝶。

I think this is my favorite book in this series yet. After the long, cold winter, Laura and her family are settling back into life at the homestead. Laura worries about Mary being able to attend college and helps the family save by taking a job sewing, there are "literaries" in the winter evenings that have everything from spelling contents to songs, and Laura is struggling to work toward being a teacher while fighting with her rival Nellie Oleson, who's moved to the same town. The writing in this book seemed a lot more polished than in the previous ones. There wasn't one giant overall plot, but I really liked all the details about how time passed in this town and what life was like; so much happened in here that the pace never seemed to drop. The descriptions about the literaries were fun and gave you a sense of how the entire town came together for entertainment. I also really liked the parts about Laura's rivalry with Nellie, who's easy to dislike but makes a good counter to Laura and her more likable friends. Also, now that Laura is older, she makes more poignant observations, such as the fact that Ma hates sewing but won't ever complain about it because it needs to be done. One things that struck me while reading was how these books really do reflect a different time and a different culture. Obviously, I knew this before starting to read and evidence of this has been plentiful in the previous books, but it was interesting to see all the stuff that happened in here that \$\pm\$#039;s no longer considered acceptable: townspeople in blackface, singing songs about "Darkies", more talk about Indians, and even the idea that everyone had to go to a Revival or else be painted as an atheist - which, of course, was completely unacceptable at the time. These things are all so odd by today's standards, but they were clearly par for the course back then. It was very interesting to read about, and I imagine it'd make for some excellent discussions too.

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Little Town on the Prairie, by Laura Ingalls Wilder, was first published in 1941 and is the seventh of nine books written in her Little House series, also known as "The Laura Years." The book is set in De Smet, South Dakota. It opens in the spring after the Long Winter, and ends as Laura becomes a schoolteacher so she can help her sister, Mary, stay at a school for the blind in Vinton, Iowa. It tells the story of 15 year-old Laura's first paid job outside the home and her last terms of schooling. At the end of the book, Laura receives a teacher \$\pi\$#039;s certificate, and is employed to teach at the Brewster settlement, 12 miles (19 km) away. Little Town on the Prairie, by Laura Ingalls Wilder, was first published in 1941 and is the seventh of nine books written in her Little House series, also known as "The Laura Years." The book is set in De Smet, South Dakota. It opens in the spring after the Long Winter, and ends as Laura becomes a schoolteacher so she can help her sister, Mary, stay at a school for the blind in Vinton, Iowa. It tells the story of 15 year-old Laura's first paid job outside the home and her last terms of schooling. At the end of the book, Laura receives a teacher's certificate, and is employed to teach at the Brewster settlement, 12 miles (19 km) away. Little Town on the Prairie, by Laura Ingalls Wilder, was first published in 1941 and is the seventh of nine books written in her Little House series, also known as "The Laura Years." The book is set in De Smet, South Dakota. It opens in the spring after the Long Winter, and ends as Laura becomés a schoolteacher so she can help her sister, Mary, stay at a school for the blind in Vinton, Iowa. It tells the story of 1'5 year-old Laura's sfirst paid job outside the home and her last terms of schooling. At the end of the book, Laura receives a teacher's certificate, and is employed to teach at the Brewster settlement, 12 miles (19 km) away. Little Town on the Prairie, by Laura Ingalls Wilder, was first published in 1941 and is the seventh of nine books written in her Little House series, also known as "The Laura Years." The book is set in De Smet, South Dakota. It opens in the spring after the Long Winter, and ends as Laura becomes a schoolteacher so she can help her sister, Mary, stay at a school for the blind in Vinton, Iowa. It tells the story of 15 year-old Laura's first paid job outside the home and her last terms of schooling. At the end of the book, Laura receives a teacher's certificate, and is employed to teach at the Brewster settlement, 12 miles (19 km) away. Little Town on the Prairie, by Laura Ingalls Wilder, was first published in 1941 and is the seventh of nine books written in her Little House series, also known as "The Laura Years." The book is set in De Smet, South Dakota. It opens in the spring after the Long Winter, and ends as Laura becomés a schoolteacher so she can help her sister, Mary, stay at á school for the blind in Vinton, Iowa. It tells the story of 1'5 year-old Laura's sfirst paid job outside the home and her last terms of schooling. At the end of the book, Laura receives a teacher \$\\$#039;s certificate, and is employed to teach at the Brewster settlement, 12 miles (19 km) away. Little Town on the Prairie, by Laura Ingalls Wilder, was first published in 1941 and is the seventh of nine books written writtenwritt

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